MR-GP2P

monitoring relays

The second man and the second ma	Multifun Timing : Secure 2 chang Rated lo Installat	onitoring of conductive liquids MIN, MAX actions monitoring relays adjustment for tripping delay (Delay OFF) and turn-off delay (Delay ON) • isolation of the measuring circuit geover contacts: 2 C/O bad: 5 A / 250 V AC at cat. AC1 ion design: width 22,5 mm litions, certifications, directives: C
Type of relay		MR-GP2P
Output circuit		
Number and type of contacts		2 C/O - changeover
Rated load	AC1	5 A / 250 V AC
Max. breaking capacity	y AC1	1 250 VA
Max. operating frequency		
at 100 VA resistive load		3 600 cycles/hour
at 1 000 VA resistive load		360 cycles/hour PN-EN 60947-5-1
Input circuit		
Supply voltage U		24-110-230 V AC; terminals A1-A2 (galvanically separated)
Drop-out voltage		$AC: \geq 0.3 \text{ U}_n$
Operating range of supply voltage		$24-110 \text{ VAC: } -0.15 \le U_n \le 0.12 \le 0.15 \le U_n \le 0.15 \le U_n \le 0.15 \le$
Rated power consumption		2,0 VA / 1,5 W
Rated frequency		AC: 4863 Hz
Duty cycle		100%
Measuring circuit	• terminals	probes (type SK1, SK2, SK3); terminals E1-E2-E3
modouning on our	sensitivity	$0,25100 \text{ k}\Omega$ (4 mS1 μ S)
	sensor voltage	12 V AC
	sensor current	max. 7 mA
	wiring distance	capacity of cable 100 nF/km: max. 1000 m (set value < 50%) max. 100 m (set value 100%)
Insulation		(
Rated surge voltage		6 000 V AC
Overvoltage category		III PN-EN 60664-1
Insulation pollution degree		3 PN-EN 60664-1
General data		
		> 0 × 105 + 000 \ 4
Electrical life	resistive AC1	$\geq 2 \times 10^5$ 1 000 VA
Mechanical life (cycles)		$\geq 2 \times 10^7$
Dimensions (L x W x H	1)	90 x 22,5 x 103 mm
Weight	- atorogo transport	100 g -25+70 °C
Ambient temperature	storage, transport	-25+70 °C -25+55 °C PN-EN 60068-1 -25+40 °C UL 508
Housing protection cat	operating	IP40
Relative humidity		1585% PN-EN 60721-3-3 class 3K3
Shock resistance		
Vibration resistance		15 g 11 ms PN-EN 60068-2-27 0,35 mm DA 1055 Hz PN-EN 60068-2-6
Meassuring circuit data		0,55 THILDA 1055 FZ PN-EN 00000-2-0
Functions		PUMP UP, PUMP DOWN @
		timing adjustment for tripping delay (Delay ON)
Time intervals (timing adjustment)		and turn-off delay (Delay OFF)
Time intervals (timing adjustment)		tripping delay (0,510 s)
Deceverations		turn-off delay (0,510 s)
Recovery time LED indicator		500 ms
		green LED ON - indication of supply voltage yellow LED ON/OFF - indication of output relay

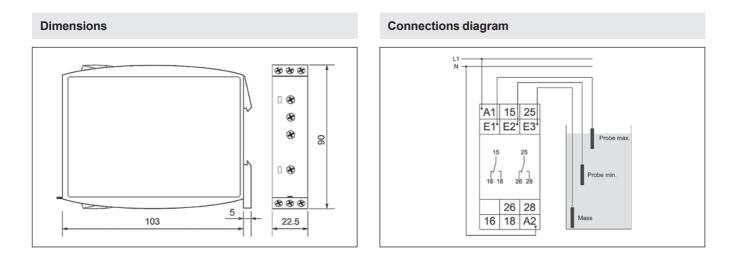
O Separately adjustable.O Selectable by means of rotary switch.

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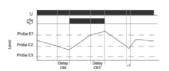


Mounting, mechanical design

Relays **MR-GP2P** are designed for direct mounting on 35 mm DIN rail mount, EN 50022. Mounting position: any. Self-extinguishing plastic housing, IP 40. Shockproof terminal connection according to VBG 4 (PZ1 required), IP 20. Maximum screw torgue: 1,0 Nm. Terminal capacity: 1×0.5 do 2.5 mm^2 with/without multicore cable end, $1 \times 4 \text{ mm}^2$ without multicore cable end, 2×0.5 do 1.5 mm^2 with/without multicore cable end, $2 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ flexible without multicore cable end.

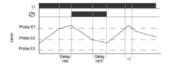
Functions

PUMP UP



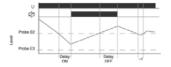
Connection of the probe rods E1, E2 and E3. Alternatively the electrically conducting container can be connected in lieu of the test probe E3. When the air-fluid level falls below the minimum probe E2 the set interval of the tripping delay (Delay ON) begins. After the expiration of the interval the output relay R switches into on-position (yellow LED illuminated). When the air-fluid level again rises above the maximum probe E1, the set interval of the turn-off delay (Delay OFF) begins. After the expiration of the interval the output relay R switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated).

PUMP DOWN



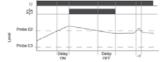
Connection of the probe rods E1, E2 and E3. Alternatively the electrically conducting container can be connected in lieu of the test probe E3. When the maximum probe E1 gets moistened the set interval of the tripping delay (Delay ON) begins. After the expiration of the interval the output relay R switches into on-position (yellow LED illuminated). When the air-fluid level falls below the minimum probe E2, the set interval of the turn-off delay (Delay OFF) begins. After the expiration of the interval the output relay R switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated).

Minimum monitoring (PUMP UP)



Connection of probe rods E2 and E3 (bridge E1-E3). Alternatively the electrically conducting container can be connected in lieu of the test probe E3. When the air-fluid level falls below the probe E2 the set interval of the tripping delay (DELAY ON) begins. After the expiration of the interval the output relays switch into on-position (yellow LED illuminated). When the air-fluid level again rises above the probe E2, the set interval of the turn-off delay (DELAY OFF) begins. After the expiration of the interval the output relays switch into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated).

Maximum monitoring (PUMP DOWN)



Connection of probe rods E2 and E3 (Bridge E1-E3). Alternatively the electrically conducting container can be connected in lieu of the test probe E3. When the max. probe E2 gets moistened the set interval of the tripping delay (Delay ON) begins. After the expiration of the interval the output relay R switches into

on-position (yellow LED illuminated). When the air-fluid level sinks below the probe E2, the set interval of the turn-off delay (Delay OFF) begins. After the expiration of the interval the output relay R switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated).

Note: use cables with low capacity for wiring the probes especially with extended wiring length.

Following processes are suggested for the adjustment:

- the existent time delay should be to minimum (0,5 s),
- the function selector switch must be in position pump down,
- turn the sensitivity controller slowly clockwise from min. to max. until the relais switch into on-position (probes must be in dipped state),
- the moistened probes should be taken out of the liquid to control if the relais switch into off-position; if the relais doesn't switch into off-position, turn the sensitivity controller slightly back to min. (counter clockwise),
- set the existent time delay to desired value to fade out a short term moisten the probes by waves in the liquid,
- set the function selector switch to desired position (either pump up or pump down).

U - supply voltage; R - output relay

